# A Guide for Bankers and Their Engineers

# IS WIND POWER TO GAS (P2G) READY FOR PRIME TIME ON THE US GRID? Michael STAVY, Advisor on Renewable Energy Finance www.michaelstavy.com

### P2G Plant (P2G) Basics

- To the right is the Schematic of a P2G Plant (P2GP)
- In a P2GP, first a hydrogen ( $H_2$ ) electrolyzer (HE) converts wind power into green H<sub>2</sub>. Second, a Sabatier reactor (SR) converts green H<sub>2</sub> (GH<sub>2</sub>) into green methane ( $GCH_4$ ).
- The LCOG Algorithm is presented on an Excel Workbook with HE and SR Worksheets
- Below the schematic is the HE Worksheet
- Wind (or solar) power is measured in MW<sub>FLFCT</sub>
- HE capacity is measured in MW<sub>ELECT</sub> that power the HE
- Wind (or solar) electricity is energy and is measured in MWh<sub>FLFCT</sub>
- The technology is called Power (MW<sub>ELECT</sub>) to Gas (P2G) but it is actually wind electric energy (MWh<sub>ELECT</sub>) that is first converted into  $H_2$  gas (mmBtu<sub>H2</sub>) and then into green CH<sub>4</sub> gas (mmBtu<sub>CH4</sub>)
- The green goal is to replace fossil natural gas (NG) with green  $CH_4$
- NG is mostly  $CH_4$  but it is not green  $CH_4$  (GNG)
- The North American (NA) NG grid cannot accept significant quantities (>20%) of even green  $H_2$ . The green  $H_2$  must, therefore, be converted in green CH₄ (GNG)
- The wind energy that powers the HE is first measured in MWh<sub>FLECT</sub>
- The LCOG algorithm converts MWh<sub>FLECT</sub> of wind electricity into mmBtu<sub>ELECT</sub>  $H_2$  is measured in mmBtu<sub>H2</sub> because the LCOG algorithm must measure green CH<sub>4</sub> in mmBtu<sub>CH4</sub> to compare its LC to the Henry Hub NG Market Price which is priced in US\$/mmBtu<sub>NG</sub>
- In the US, both NG production and gas flows (mmBtu<sub>NG</sub>/day) and the Henry Hub NG price (US\$/mmBtu<sub>NG</sub>) are measured in mmBtu<sub>NG</sub>
- The paper's energy conversion factors are listed below
- $1 MWh_{ELECT} = 1 MWh_{H2} = 3.4120 mmBtu_{ELECT} = 3.4120 mmBtu_{H2}$
- This does not mean that the HE or the SR are 100% efficient ( $\eta$ )
- In the  $\in$  zone, NG production and flows are measured in kWh<sub>NG</sub>/day (or in GJ/day) and the price is measured in  $\in/kWh_{NG}$  (or in  $\in/GJ_{NG}$ )
- In HE H<sub>2</sub> production, MWh<sub>ELECTin</sub> from the NA electric grid go into the HE and *mmBtu<sub>H2out</sub> come out of the HE and then go into SR*
- HE are in serial production but no HE technology is "financially mature"
- In SR CH<sub>4</sub> production, mmBtu<sub>H2in</sub> go into the SR and mmBtu<sub>CH4out</sub> come out of the SR and into the NA NG grid
- Unlike HE, wind turbines and PV panels, SR are not yet in serial production. SR are not yet "financially mature"
- The SR equation is:  $CO_2 + 4H_2 \rightarrow CH_4 + 2H_2O$
- For the SR  $CH_4$  to be green, the  $CO_2$  must also come from a green source. Atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> would be a green source



# Schematic of a P2G Plant (P2GP)

Forei	on Exchange		9	m/d/v	
FX	Enter	· US\$/€ exchange rate	<b>a</b> \$1.20188	05/03/21	COLOR CODE
<b>P2G</b>	Plant HE Specifications				Entry
1	Enter	P2G Plant HE Efficiency-n-%	70%	Capacity Factor	Result
2	Entor	D2G Plant hrs/day Operating	22	02%	Side Column Result
2		P2C Plant HE Dower Imput MW	200.0	9270	
3	Enter	P2G Plant-HE Power Input-WI w <sub>ELECT</sub>	300.0		Transfer Result
А	Computed	Daily $MWh_{ELECT}$ of Wind Electricity to be converted into $H_2$ -MWh <sub>ELECT</sub> /day	6,600		Check Value
В	Enter	Daily P2G Plant HE H <sub>2</sub> Produced-MWh <sub>H2</sub> /day	4,620		In€
CF	Enter	Conversion factor-mmBtu/MWh	3.4120		Conversion Factor
С	convert MWh to mmBtu	Daily P2G Plant HE H <sub>2</sub> Produced-mmBtu <sub>H2</sub> /day	15,763		
D	Computed	Yearly P2G Plant HE H <sub>2</sub> Energy Produced-mmBtu <sub>H2</sub> /year	5,753,656	€/kW↓	£/MW↓
4	Enter	· P2G Plant HE CapEx-US\$/MW <sub>ELECT</sub>	\$1,104,864	€ 919	£800,000
Е	Computed	- Total P2G Plant HE CapEx-US\$/P2G Plant HE	\$331,459,200	€ 275.783.938	,
Ľ	C omp atea	f/MW		0 210,100,000	
Cost	of the Wind Dower to be (	Converted into mmPtu			E/IzW/b
<u>Cost</u>	Enter	Cost of the Wind Power to be converted into Ha-COF <sub>ELECT</sub> -US\$/MWh <sub>ELECT</sub>	\$40.00	f = 33.28	€/KWII↓ €0.03328
F	converted to mmBtu	Cost of the Wind Power to be converted into $H_2$ -COE <sub>ELECT</sub> -US\$/mmBtu <sub>ELECT</sub>	\$11.72	€ 0.03328	0.05520
1		E COSt OF the Wind Fower to be converted into Tr2-COLELECT-OSt Himble ELECT	ψ11.72	€ 0.03520 €/kWh ↑	
After	· Efficiency η Lost Cost of	f the Wind Power to be Converted into mmBtu <sub>H1</sub>		€/kWh↓	
G	computed	After η Loss Cost of the Wind Power to be converted into H <sub>2</sub> -AELCOE <sub>ELECT</sub> -US\$/mmBtu <sub>ELECT</sub>	\$16.75	€ 0.04754	
Η	computed	Extra Cost (AELCOE <sub>ELECT</sub> -COE <sub>ELECT</sub> ) of the Wind Power-US\$/mmBtu <sub>ELECT</sub>	\$5.02	€ 0.01426	
Ι	computed	% Increase in the Cost of the Wind Power when converted into $H_2$	43%	43%	
<u>P2G</u>	<u>Plant HE CapEx and OpE</u>				
6	Enter	Annual Fixed O&M Cost-% Total HE CapEx, Line E	3.00%	€/yr↓	
J	Computed	Annual Fixed O&M Cost-US\$/yr	\$9,943,776	€ 8,273,518	
7	Enter	Variable O & M Cost-US\$/mmBtu <sub>H2</sub>	\$0.75	€ 0.00213	<b>←</b> €/kWh
8	Enter	Physical Life of the P2G Plant-Years	20		
9	Enter	Interest/ROE Rate-%	6.0%		
K	Computed	Capital Amortization Factor-CAF	0.0872	€/yr↓	
L	Computed	Annual Capital Amortization-ACA-US\$/yr	\$28,898,124	€ 24,044,100	
<u>Comp</u>	outation of the LC of the I	H <sub>2</sub> gas used as a feedstock to Produce CH <sub>4</sub> (GNG) in the SR-US\$/mmBtu <sub>H2</sub> -LCOG <sub>H2</sub>	US\$/mmBtu↓	€/kWh ↓	%
M	Computed	Annual Capital Amortization-ACA-US\$/mmBtu <sub>H2</sub>	\$5.02	€ 0.01430	20.7%
N	Computed	Fixed O&M Cost-US\$/mmBtu <sub>H2</sub>	\$1.73	€ 0.00490	7.1%
0	Transferred from Line 7	Variable O&M Cost-from Line 7 above-US\$/mmBtu <sub>H2</sub>	\$0.75	€ 0.00210	3.1%
Р	Transferred from Line F	After $\eta$ Loss Cost of the Wind Electricity to be converted into H <sub>2</sub> -AELCOE <sub>ELECT</sub> -US\$/mmBtu <sub>ELECT</sub>	\$16.75	€ 0.47500	69.1%
Q	Computed	LC of the $H_2$ gas to be used as a feed stock to produce $CH_4$ in the SR-LCOG <sub>H2</sub> -US\$/mmBtu <sub>H2</sub>	\$24.25	€ 0.06884	100.0%
				0.4	
Diffe	rence between the HE LC	COG <sub>H2</sub> and the Current Market Price of NG at the US Henry Hub-US\$/mmBtu <sub>NG</sub>	US\$/mmBtu↓	€/kWh↓	
R	Transferred from Line Q	LC of the H <sub>2</sub> gas to be used as a feed stock to produce $CH_4$ in the SR-LCOG <sub>H2</sub> -US\$/mmBtu <sub>H2</sub>	\$24.25	€ 0.06884	
10	Enter	US Henry Hub Market Price-US\$/mmBtu <sub>NG</sub>	\$2.91	€ 0.00826	
S	Computed	The HE LCOG <sub>H2</sub> is greater (less) the Henry Hub NG Market Price-US $/mmBtu_{NG}$	\$21.34	€ 0.06058	
Т	Computed	% that the HE LCOG <sub>H2</sub> is greater (-%) then US Henry Hub NG Market Price	88%	88%	

Foreign Exchange			a	m/d/y	
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2	Enter	P2G Plant-hrs/day Operating	22	92%	Side Column Result
3	Enter	P2G Plant-HE Power Input-MW <sub>ELECT</sub>	300.0		Transfer Result
А	Computed	Daily MWh <sub>ELECT</sub> of Wind Electricity to be converted into H <sub>2</sub> -MWh <sub>ELECT</sub> /day	6,600		Check Value
В	Enter	Daily P2G Plant HE H <sub>2</sub> Produced-MWh <sub>H2</sub> /day	4,620		In€
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Е	Computed	Total P2G Plant HE CapEx-US\$/P2G Plant HE	\$331,459,200	€ 275,783,938	,
	1	£/MW			
Cost	of the Wind Power to be (	Converted into mmBtuu1		€/MWh	€/kWh
5	Enter	Cost of the Wind Power to be converted into H <sub>2</sub> -COE <sub>ELECT</sub> -US\$/MWh <sub>ELECT</sub>	\$40.00	€ 33.28	€ 0.03328
F	converted to mmBtu	Cost of the Wind Power to be converted into H <sub>2</sub> -COE <sub>ELECT</sub> -US\$/mmBtu <sub>ELECT</sub>	\$11.72	€ 0.03328	
				€/kWh ↑	
After Efficiency n Lost Cost of the Wind Power to be Converted into mmBtu <sub>H1</sub>			€/kWh ↓		
G	computed	After $\eta$ Loss Cost of the Wind Power to be converted into H <sub>2</sub> -AELCOE <sub>ELECT</sub> -US\$/mmBtu <sub>ELECT</sub>	\$16.75	€ 0.04754	
Н	computed	Extra Cost (AELCOE <sub>ELECT</sub> -COE <sub>ELECT</sub> ) of the Wind Power-US $/mmBtu_{ELECT}$	\$5.02	€ 0.01426	
Ι	computed	% Increase in the Cost of the Wind Power when converted into $\mathrm{H}_2$	43%	43%	
<u>P2G</u>	Plant HE CapEx and OpE		<b>2</b> 0.00/		
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8	Enter	Physical Life of the P2G Plant-Years	20		
9	Enter	Interest/ROE Rate-%	6.0%	(	
K	Computed	Capital Amortization Factor-CAF	0.0872	€/yr↓	
L	Computed	Annual Capital Amortization-ACA-US\$/yr	\$28,898,124	€ 24,044,100	
Computation of the LC of the H <sub>2</sub> gas used as a feedstock to Produce CH <sub>4</sub> (CNG) in the SR-US\$/mmRtu <sub>ver</sub> LCOC <sub>ve</sub>		US\$/mmBtul	€/kWh ↓	%	
M	Computed	Annual Capital Amortization-ACA-US\$/mmBtu <sub>112</sub>	\$5.02	€ 0.01430	20.7%
N	Computed	Fixed O&M Cost-US\$/mmBtutu2	\$1.73	€ 0.00490	7.1%
0	Transferred from Line 7	Variable O&M Cost-from Line 7 above-US\$/mmBtutto	\$0.75	€ 0.00210	3.1%
р	Transferred from Line F	After n Loss Cost of the Wind Electricity to be converted into $H_2$ -AELCOE <sub>ELECT</sub> -US\$/mmBtu <sub>ELECT</sub>	\$16.75	€ 0.47500	69.1%
0	Computed	LC of the H <sub>2</sub> gas to be used as a feed stock to produce CH <sub>4</sub> in the SR-LCOG <sub>U2</sub> -US\$/mmBtu <sub>U2</sub>	\$24.25	€ 0.06884	100.0%
×					
Difference between the HE LCOG <sub>H2</sub> and the Current Market Price of NG at the US Henry Hub-US\$/mmBtu <sub>NC</sub>			US\$/mmBtu↓	€/kWh↓	
R	Transferred from Line O	LC of the H <sub>2</sub> gas to be used as a feed stock to produce $CH_4$ in the SR-LCOG <sub>H2</sub> -US\$/mmBtu <sub>H2</sub>	\$24.25	€ 0.06884	
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Т	Computed	% that the HE LCOG <sub>up</sub> is greater (-%) then US Henry Hub NG Market Price	88%	88%	
1	Computed			0070	

**CH4** Production Sabatier Reactor-SR Methane-CH<sub>4</sub>-Out mmBtu<sub>H2in</sub> mmBtu<sub>CH4out</sub>

North American Natural Gas Grid



## Conclusion

Power to Gas plants (P2GP) are not <u>currently</u> ready for prime time on the North American (NA) electric and NG girds. Bankers and their engineers should be skeptical of any developers' claims that they are.

On this paper's P2G HE LCOG<sub>H2</sub> Algorithm Worksheet, the LC of the Green  $H_2$  (GH<sub>2</sub>) was computed to be US\$24.45/mmBtu<sub>H2</sub> (€0.00551/kWh<sub>NG</sub>).

On 05/04/21, the US IEA reported that the Henry Hub NG spot price was US\$2.91/mmBtu<sub>NG</sub> (€0.0688/kWh<sub>NG</sub>).

Currently, P2G  $GH_2$  can not compete with the price of Henry Hub NG. The price of GH<sub>2</sub> from wind power is 88% higher than the Henry Hub NG spot price before this GH<sub>2</sub> is converted, at an extra cost in the SR, to green  $CH_4$ . Therefore, the paper does not present the P2G SR LCOG<sub>CH4</sub> Algorithm Worksheet.

Currently, P2G GH<sub>2</sub> can not compete with the Eurostat NG price. Eurostat reported (05/05/21) that in the Euro zone countries, the average 2nd half year NG price (2020S2) was €0.0504/kWh<sub>NG</sub> The P2G price of GH<sub>2</sub> from wind power is 27% higher than the Eurostat Euro zone NG price.

On the paper's Excel P2G LCOG Algorithm Workbook, you can enter your own numbers and compute your own LCOG and come **to your own** conclusion.

**Download the Paper and its** Excel P2G LCOG Algorithm Workbook at www.michaelstavy.com



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