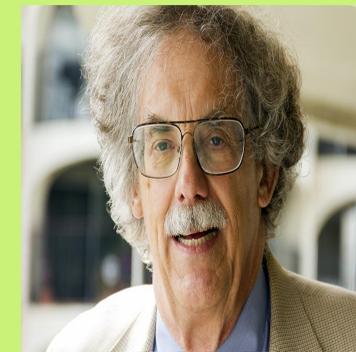


# Is Hydrogen Energy Storage Ready for Prime Time on the North American Grid? A Guide for Bankers and Investors



**MICHAEL STAVY<sup>1</sup>**, Senior Advisor on Renewable Energy Finance

<sup>1</sup>BA-University of Illinois at Chicago (UIC); MBA –Northwestern Kellogg Day Program; CPA (Illinois-Inactive) [michael@michaelstavy.com](mailto:michael@michaelstavy.com)  
[www.michaelstavy.com](http://www.michaelstavy.com) M: +1-312-523-8328

updated: 09/15/19

## BACKGROUND

Utility-scale solar plants will soon need energy storage because of their intermittency and because they cannot follow the grid load. Utility-scale solar dispatch depends on the time of day, the solar plant's PPA, the solar plant's instant capacity factor, the current grid load, the wholesale market price and the availability of energy storage on the grid. Pumped hydro storage is the most common commercial grid scale energy storage on the North American grid. Hydrogen (H<sub>2</sub>) energy storage has been presented to bankers and investors as a commercial alternative to pumped storage.

## OBJECTIVE

A bulk electric energy storage plant can be used on the North American electric grid for the daily, weekly or seasonal (180 days) storage of solar electricity (energy) and/or to provide ancillary services (voltage and frequency control and reactive power [var]). The object of this paper is to determine whether H<sub>2</sub> energy storage is ready for prime time (i.e., is commercially viable) on the North American grid.

## METHOD

- Author has developed a levelized cost of storage (LCOS) financial algorithm for a model H<sub>2</sub> storage plant (**HSP**). The model HSP has a daily storage cycle. It does not provide ancillary services. The LCOS financial algorithm is used for sensitivity analysis and to confirm published HSP specifications (specs). The algorithm is put in an Excel Workbook for rapid analysis.
- This paper discusses the H<sub>2</sub> storage technology, focusing on the three phases of all HSP; one, the production of the H<sub>2</sub>, two, the storage of the H<sub>2</sub>, and three, the use of the stored H<sub>2</sub> as the fuel to regenerate the solar electricity.
- The LCOS Algorithm uses "project accounting" to compute a separate LCOS for each HSP phase; charging, storage and discharging.
- To compute the LCOS, the paper's HSP LCOS Financial Algorithm requires **22 HSP specifications (specs) [metrics]**. These 22 HSP specs (metrics) [independent variables] are defined using a standard set of H<sub>2</sub> SI units.
- Two of the 22 specs (metrics) specify how many hours a day are used in the daily charging and discharging phases. The remaining 24 hours are automatically assigned to the storage phase. The three phases do not operate at the same time.
- To understand the paper methodology, download (**no cost**) my SPI-19 Paper and my HSP LCOS Excel Algorithm Workbook at the web address in the box below.

## STANDARD (SI) HYDROGEN UNITS

The 22 HSP specs used in the LCOS algorithm can be presented in MJ<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub>, kg<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub>, Nm<sup>3</sup><sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub> or MWh<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub>. The algorithm uses MWh<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub> [1] [2].

$$1 \text{ MWh}_{\text{elect}} = 1 \text{ MWh}_{\text{H}_2}$$

In the HSP algorithm energy flow, the MWh<sub>elect</sub> of solar energy are first converted into MWh<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub>. The solar energy is stored in MWh<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub>. The MWh<sub>H<sub>2</sub></sub> are then converted back into MWh<sub>elect</sub>. This does not mean that the HSP is 100% efficient (η).

## THE THREE PHASES OF THE HSP

The three phases of all HSP are one, the production of the H<sub>2</sub>; two the storage of the H<sub>2</sub> and three, the use of the stored H<sub>2</sub> as the fuel to regenerate the solar electricity. H<sub>2</sub> is the energy carrier.

In the paper's model HSP, solar electricity powers a H<sub>2</sub> electrolyzer (HE) [3]. When the HE is producing H<sub>2</sub>, the HSP is being charged. Currently no HE is the most mature technology. The solar electricity is stored as H<sub>2</sub> in a generic H<sub>2</sub> "Tank". There are various proposed H<sub>2</sub> storage technologies but high pressure and liquefied H<sub>2</sub> storage tanks are the most mature and are currently used for industrial H<sub>2</sub>. During discharge, the H<sub>2</sub> is taken out of the H<sub>2</sub> "Tank" and used as a fuel to power a fuel cell (FC) that regenerates the solar electricity which is then discharged back onto the grid. There are various technologies for using the stored H<sub>2</sub> as a fuel to regenerate the solar electricity, but the FC is currently the most mature.

## THE HSP LCOS ALGORITHM & ITS EXCEL WORKBOOK

The Excel HSP LCOS Workbook has four worksheets (WS); WS # 1, Charging-H<sub>2</sub> Electrolyzer, WS # 2, Storage-H<sub>2</sub> Storage "Tank", WS # 3, Discharging-FC and WS # 4, the Summary Worksheet. Certain US\$ values are converted into Euros (€) for overseas visitors [4].

## ↓ MY HANDOUT BELOW ↓

WS # 4, the Summary Worksheet, is presented with the paper's 22 complied HSP **spec values** on the front side of my handout (**black and white**). On the back side of my handout is a Schematic of a Hydrogen Storage Plant (HSP) on the North American Grid.

## RESULTS

On the summary worksheet handout below (WS # 4), the cost of the solar energy to be stored is US\$50.00/MWh [5] while its LCOS is US\$152.71/MWh, a 205% increase.

300 MWh/day of solar energy is stored during each 8 hour charge phase; while 218.7 MWh/day of stored solar energy is discharged during each 8 hour discharge phase. The HSP efficiency is 72.5%

The physical life of the HE, H<sub>2</sub> "Tank" and FC are each set at 20 years while the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) for the HE, H<sub>2</sub> "Tank" and FC are each set at 6%.

The HSP round trip η is computed from the phase η for the HE, H<sub>2</sub> Tank and FC which are each set at 90%.

The Total HSP CapEx US\$78,862,500 is the sum of the HE CapEx, US\$21,487,500, plus H<sub>2</sub> Tank CapEx, US\$27,000,000 plus FC CapEx, US\$23,852,631.

The HSP spec value compilation methodology is discussed in the Cabin Creek Pumped Storage Plant Case Study in my Wind Europe 2018 paper [6].

## CONCLUSION

Biased on the following facts, hydrogen energy storage is **not** ready for prime time on the North American grid.

1. There are no commercial HSP on the North American grid.
2. Commercial HSP specs were not found in the literature.
3. The author complied specs for a HSP. The author then computed the LCOS, but LCOS is too high for the current development of a commercial HSP
4. Sensitivity analysis showed that the HSP Round Trip η is not realistically presented by the author. He is too optimistic. HSP Round Trip η should currently be in the 60% range; not the computed 72.9%.
5. Sensitivity analysis showed that the Total HSP CapEx is also not realistically presented by the author. He is again too optimistic. Total HSP CapEx was too high for the LCOS to be less than 20% more than the cost of the solar electricity to be stored, but too low to reflect actual current HSP CapEx values.

## REFERENCES

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Download my Handout (**color**), my SPI-19 Paper and my HSP LCOS Excel Algorithm Workbook at

<https://tinyurl.com/SPI-19-Stavy-Paper>